

Session 6.5 Room Fez2 Stations / Architecture – land use and urban settings



Moderator: Mr. Andrea MINUTO RIZZO FSI, Italy







Session 6.5 Stations / Architecture - land use and urban settings, Speaker lists;

2

3

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5









Mr.Borja Aróstegui

Merta

Mr.Fabrice Mr.Jiri Morenon

Mr.Luigi Contestabile Mr.Fabian Wenner

Spain

Czech Republic

France

Italy

Sweden

HIGH-SPEED RAIL: THE RIGHT SPEED FOR OUR PLANET Under the High Patronage of his Majesty King Mohammed VI

THE TRANSFORMATION OF THE GREAT EUROPEAN STATIONS WITH THE ARRIVAL OF THE HIGH-SPEED RAIL



11TH WORLD CONGRESS OF HIGH-SPEED RAIL

Marrakech, 7-10 MARCH 2023

Borja Aróstegui PhD Architect, IDOM, Spain Session5-6.5 Stations / Architecture, land use and urban settings







ABANDONMENT AND RESURRECTION OF RAIL







GARE DE MONTPARNASSE. PARIS

PENN STATION. NEW YORK

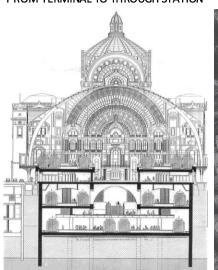
ATOCHA STATION, MADRID



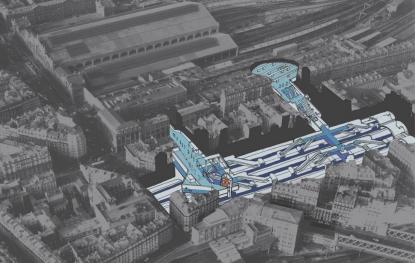


INTERMODALITY

FROM TERMINAL TO THROUGH STATION



CONNECTIONS





ANTWERPEN CENTRAAL. ANTWERP GA

GARE DU NORD. PARIS

ST PANCRAS STATION. LONDON





COMMERCIAL AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT







GARE DE LYON. PARIS

ST PANCRAS STATION. LONDON

ATOCHA STATION. MADRID





ENHANCEMENT OF THE STATION

REFURBISHMENT OF THE BUIDING

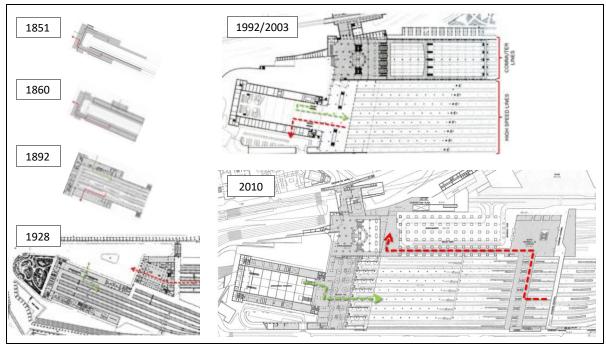


ANTWERPEN CENTRAAL, ANTWERP



ATOCHA STATION, MADRID

SEPARATION OF PASSENGER FLOWS AND LEVELS



ATOCHA STATION. MADRID





ENHANCEMENT OF THE STATION

NEW LATERAL ACCESSES



ST PANCRAS STATION. LONDON



ANTWERPEN CENTRAAL

DECK OVER THE PLATFORMS



ST PANCRAS STATION. LONDON

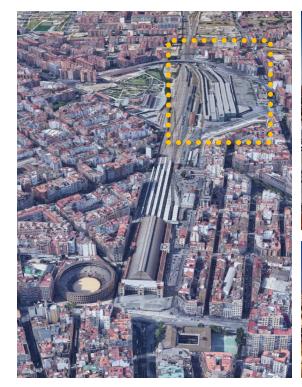


ATOCHA STATION. MADRID



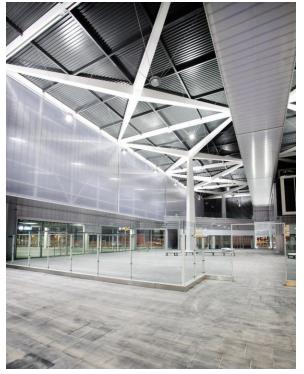


JOAQUÍN SOROLLA HSR STATION. VALENCIA





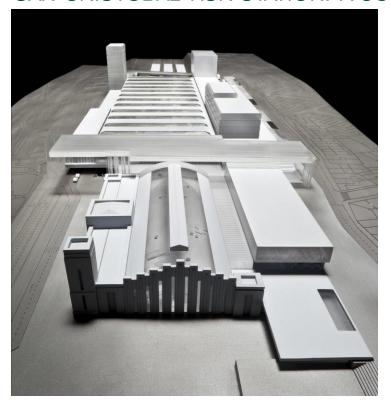


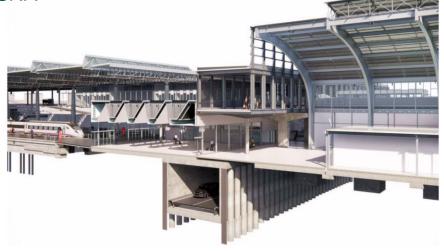






SAN CRISTÓBAL HSR STATION. A CORUÑA



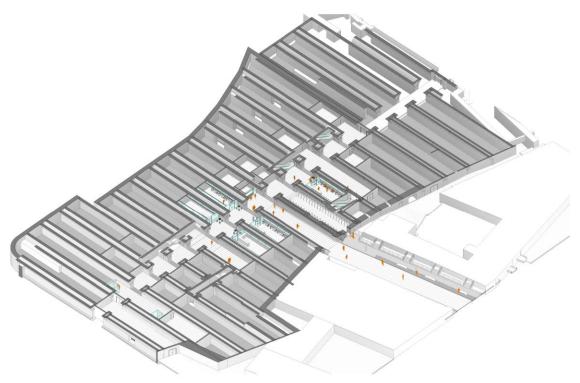








CONNOLLY STATION. DUBLIN











CENTRAL STATION. SANTIAGO DE CHILE

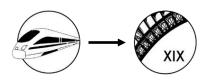




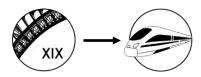




CONCLUSION



- Bring stations back to life
- Enhance the value of the historic building
- Change of use
- Enhance the integration of the monument in the city



- Central location
- Significance and identity

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NEW HSR STATIONS ARCHITECTURE IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC

Jiří Merta Deputy Director for Technology, High-Speed Lines Construction Management, Správa železnic (SZCZ), Czechia Session5-6.5 Stations / Architecture, land use and urban settings







HOW DO WE PLAN AND DESIGN THE STATIONS?

New HSR stations

- HSR will use current stations in cities
- Several new stations will be build

Architectural competitions

- Station designs are product of architectural competitions
- ❖ Architectural competition and subsequent design has no effect on project timeline
- Stations are designed by independent teams along main line preliminary design
- Competitions are based upon data from feasibility studies

French know-how and assistance

- Consultations and assistance is provided by SNCF Gares & Connexions
- Some requirements are mode detailed than national requirements
- Expert opinions are strongly considered by the jury











East outskirts of the capital

- 4 HSR platforms
- Strong Park&Ride usage predicted
- Serves two different HSR lines (East and South-east)









Transfer hub

- Unique position on two HSR lines
- 20,000 passengers per day expected
- ❖ 3,000 parking spaces









Design

- Emphasis on clarity and easy navigation
- Bus terminal in close proximity
- Designed with commuters in mind
- Enables later development









ROUDNICE NAD LABEM VRT (HSR STATION)





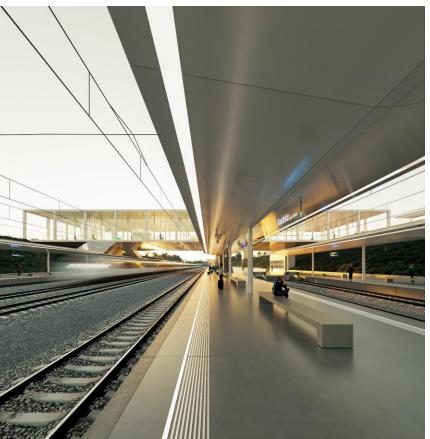


ROUDNICE NAD LABEM VRT (HSR STATION)

Standard HSR station

- 2 HSR platforms and 2 local railway platforms
- Waiting rooms situated also on platform level
- Parking and bus terminal









ROUDNICE NAD LABEM VRT (HSR)

Maintenance base

- Maintenance of HSR Podřipsko
- Only for infrastructure maintenance
- Approx. 100 workers planed
- Conventional railway connection
- National monument nearby had to be considered.









ROUDNICE NAD LABEM VRT (HSR STATION)

Station surrounding

- Landscaping with possible development
- ❖ Bicycle path around HSR to Prague
- Local connections









NEAR FUTURE PLANS FOR ANOTHER HSR STATIONS

New standard HSR stations

- ❖ Jihlava VRT (HSR station)
- Pučery VRT (HSR station)
 - ❖ both on Prague Brno HSR line
 - transfer to conventional railway
 - Include nearby maintenance base

Convectional railway station upgraded for HSR services

- Hranice na Moravě
 - Conventional railway station with heavy HSR use.
 - * Reconstruction for HSR train lengths and new multimodal hub
- Ústí nad Labem central station
 - New regional capital main railway station project

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HSR STATIONS AS HUBS OF GREEN MOBILITY

Fabrice Morenon Managing Director, SNCF Hubs&Connexions, France Session5-6.5 Stations / Architecture, land use and urban settings







GREEN ENERGY IN RAILWAY STATIONS: AN ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGE

To meet the current energy challenges, several levers have been identified to reduce the energy consumption of stations and develop the production of renewable energy:



The replacement of station lighting systems with LEDs



Optimization and technical management of the buildings



The replacement of oil and gas boilers by low-carbon alternatives (heat pumps)



Energy rehabilitation of buildings



The development of photovoltaic energy sources

Photovoltaic shading in Nîmes

The installation of solar panels solar panels on the car park of the Nîmes Pontdu-Gard station produces four times four times more energy than the annual consumption the station's annual consumption.





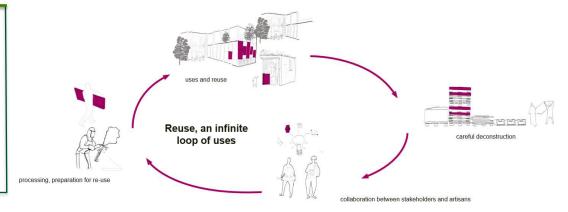


ECODESIGN DEVELOPMENT

The goal is to transform the stations into triple E stations: ecological, economical, elegant, designed from the start to consume as little as possible and to be adapted to environmental issues.

To achieve this, we use the EMC2B approach to develop projects along five dimensions

E M C C B
Energy Material Carbon Climate Biodiversity

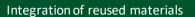






ECODESIGN DEVELOPMENT

In the construction or renovation of railway stations, there are many points of vigilance with regard to eco-design.



Choice of materials according to their geographical origin

Use of bio-based materials

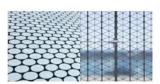
Do materials in contact with indoor air have an Indoor Air Quality label A+



Wood and concrete, Lyon-Perrache station



Stone, Besançon Franche-Comté station TGV. Deactivated concrete floor, Nîmes station Pont-du-Gard



Stratigraphic glass, Strasbourg station.
Glass roof, Austerlitz station, Paris





RECYCLING OF WASTE IN RAILWAY STATIONS

A railway station receives a large number of passengers every day and is therefore a key player in the recycling of waste. Provision is therefore made for this:

Operational waste

- The surface area of the waste room must be sufficient for sorting
- The number of bins must be adapted
- Define the type of sorting of the bins (mono, bi, tri or quinti-flux)

Construction waste

- What is the volume of construction waste (construction and deconstruction)?
- What is the material recovery rate of construction waste?



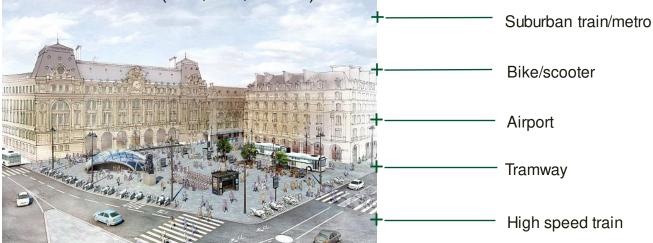


INTERMOBILITY

By facilitating access to public transport the station helps to reduce the environmental impact and thus pollution. The station is connected to numerous means of transport, making it easier for people to get from point A to point B and thus favor public transport.

80% of the pollution generated by the station comes from the mode of transportation used by the

travelers to come to the station (Car, bus, taxis...)







HUBS & CONNEXIONS: DECARBONATED ENERGY PRODUCTION SOLUTIONS WITH PHOTOVOLTAIC PANELS INSTALLED ON SITES AROUND RAILWAY STATIONS IN MOROCCO

Features -

- Contract: FASEP Innovative solutions for the decarbonisation of essential services
- · Financier: DG Tresor Natixis
- Beneficiary: Moroccan National Railway Office (ONCF)
- Partner: SNCF Hubs & Connexions
- Financing: 499 400 Euro excl.taxes
- Duration: 2 years (2022/2023)



Objectives

- Create 2 demonstrators on the sites of the stations of Fez and Ben Guérir to demonstrate that the use of photovoltaic panels (Made in France) makes it possible to create decarbonated energy and contributes to the self-consumption of a public structure.
- Reduce the carbon footprint of the stations but also that of the users (the shade generated by the panels)
- Enable the replicability of the green and innovative solution demonstrator in all the stations of Morocco through a sustainable economic model (Capex and Opex)
- Initiate a long-term partnership (20 years) and/or create a JV between SNCF Hubs & Connexions and ONCF for the operation and maintenance of green energy production structures in all Moroccan stations (40 sites)/ Potential production of 20 million KW per hour.



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StationLAND - a location intelligence platform for station placement







What's behind this "Outstanding Innovations in Infrastructure and Public Mobility*"?







A growing group of young, multidisciplinar, talented people



Sara Venturoni





























The construction of a Stakeholders Network to share Data

A COLLABORATIVE PLATFORM

A digital common desk to work together with our Stakeholders Network (Institutions, Regions, Cities, Transport Operators etc.) to share value and boost ESG Targets



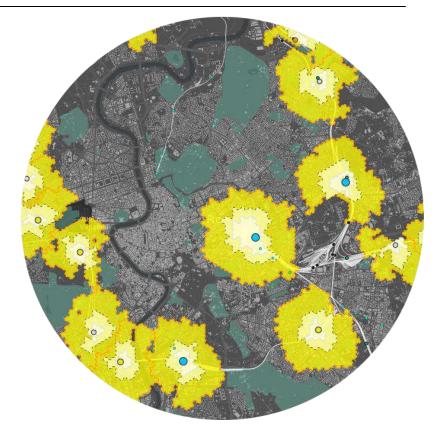




The definition of every station's **catchment area**

PEDESTRIAN AREAS

50% of passengers live or work inside the pedestrian catchment area of the Italian stations (15 minutes by foot)



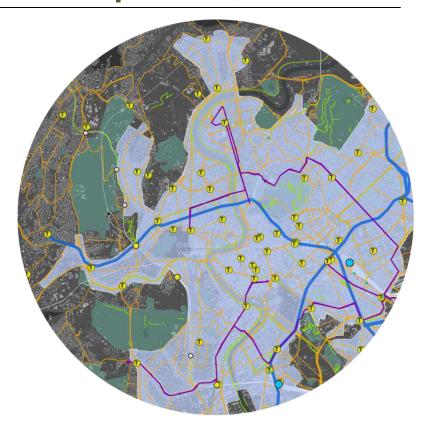




The widest geospatial database for sustainable **transport** in Italy

TAXI, TRAM, BUS, BIKE, SHARING

- Taxi Stop
- Tram/Trolleybus Line
- Metro Line
- Bus Line
- Bike Lane
- Sharing Free Floating/Station Based



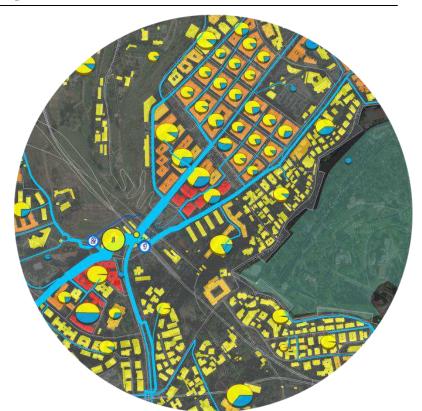




The location of the **potential mobility demand**, Nationwide

FLOWS & RESIDENTS BY CENSUS

- Potential Access Flow
- Residents & Workers by census
- Residents & Workers by building



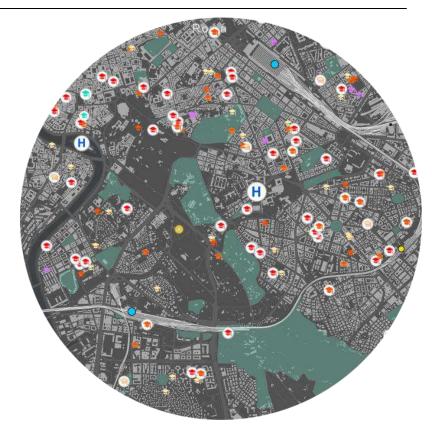




The placement of all main **Points of Interest** in the urban/rural environment

POINT OF INTEREST

- University & Departments
- School
- Hospital
- Sport's Center
- Shopping centers



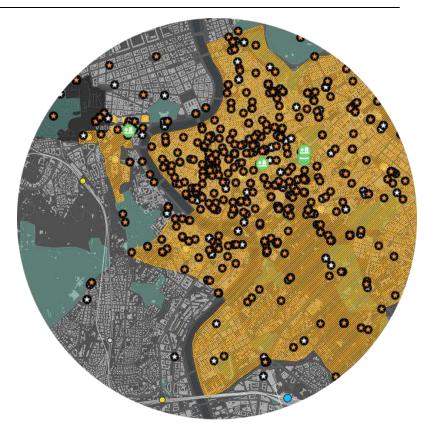




The map of all relevant tourists' attractions

TOURISM

- Monuments
- Tourist Attractions
- UNESCO sites
- Hotels
- Park (Artistic & Historical Interest)
- Villa (Artistic & Historical Interest)



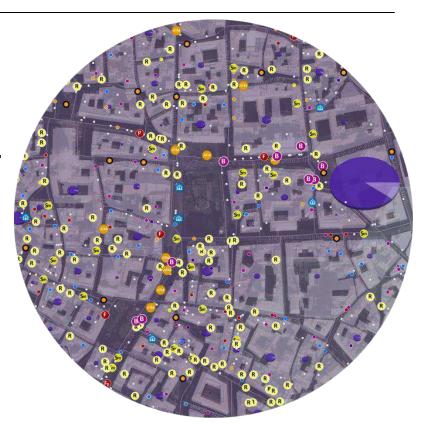




And much **more...**

CITIZENS' SERVICES, COMMERCIAL & ...

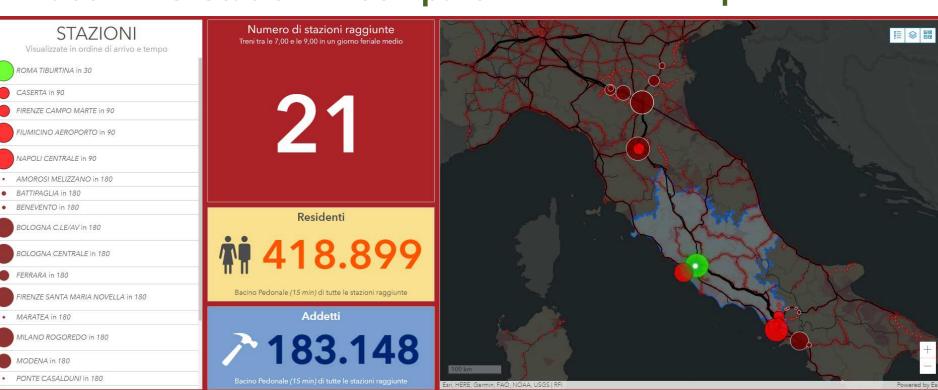
- Bank, ATM
- Bar, Restaurant
- Pharmacy, Medical Clinic
- Theatre
- Church
- Market







Place the HS Station and compare its catchment area with private car's



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HIGH SPEED RAIL AS URBAN GENERATOR?

Dr.-Ing. Fabian Wenner Postdoctoral Researcher, Technical University of Munich, Germany Session5-6.5 Stations / Architecture, land use and urban settings







FRAMEWORK & RESEARCH QUESTION

- Accessibility is a locational factor for firms and households.
- ❖ High-Speed Rail (HSR) has contributed to and profited from a reinvigoration of passenger rail transport: high public investments in the last decades, multiple lines planned or in construction.
- ❖ Particularly around "rural" HSR stations: Substantial accessibility increase.
- Expectations by (local) stakeholders that new HSR stations lead to economic development, particularly to urban development in the immediate vicinity of new stations.
- Planning goal: "transit-oriented development"
- Research Question: Can this interdependence de facto be observed?
- Europe as study area, due to demographic and economic framework conditions





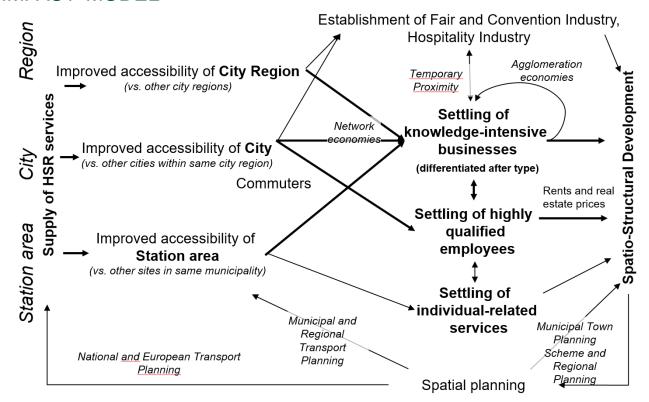
THEORETICAL LENSES

- (Inter-)Regional development theories regional convergence (Borts and Stein 1964) vs. polarisation theory (Myrdal 1957), New Economic Geography (Krugman 1991; Puga 2008).
- (City-regional) Land use theories and models monocentric city model (Alonso 1964), constant travel time budget (Lehner 1966, Zahavi and Ryan 1980; Marchetti 1994), transportland use feedback cycle (Wegener 1996)
- ❖ Relational spatial economic approaches localised agglomeration and network externalities (Capello 2000; Andersson & Karlsson 2004; Maskell, Bathelt and Malmberg 2006; Bentlage 2014; Meijers, Hoogerbrugge and Cardoso 2017)
- Planning perspective integrated urban and transport planning, "transit-oriented development", node-place-model (Bertolini 1999)





IMPACT MODEL







RESEARCH DESIGN

- Database of 232 HSR stations in operation or under construction in Europe
- Typology of seven station types according to connectivity (spatial, intermodal, operational)
- Analysis of land use change in a 1500m buffer zone around the station between 1990 and 2018 in five time steps, using CORINE land cover data

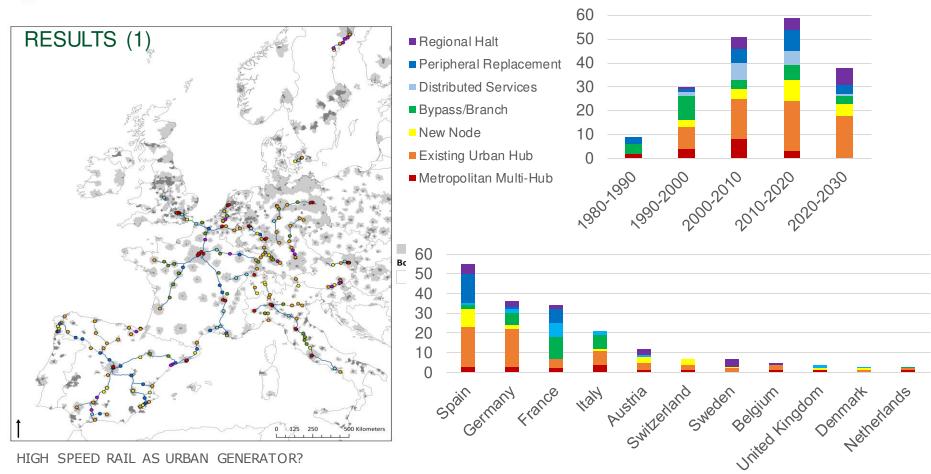




STATION TYPOLOGY (ADAPTED FROM TROIN 1997)

Schematic Visualisation							
Туре	Type 1 Metropolitan Multi- Hub	Type 2 Existing Urban Hub	Type 3 New Node	Type 4 Bypass/Branch	Type 5 Distributed Services	Type 6 Peripheral Replacement	Type 7 Regional Halt
Accessibility	High by public transport, low by car	High by public transport, low by car	High by public transport and car	High by public transport, reasonable by car	Peripheral station: reasonable by public transport, high by car	Peripheral station often not accessible by local and regional public transport, high by car	Often not accessible by local and regional public transport, reasonable by car
Construction Cost	High	High	Medium	Medium	Medium	Low	Low
Examples of HS stations	Berlin, Paris, Milano	Würzburg Hbf, Córdoba, Bordeaux-St-Jean, Liège-Guillemins, Bologna Centrale	Montabaur, Ciudad Real, Ashford International	Poitiers, Coburg, Breda, Arezzo, Lleida Pirineus	Champagne- Ardenne TGV, Siegburg/Bonn, Reggio Emilia AV Mediopadana, Køge Nord	Guadalajara- Yebes, Limburg Süd, Le Creusot	TGV Haute- Picardie Villanueva de Cordoba-Los Pedroches, Kinding (Altmühltal)





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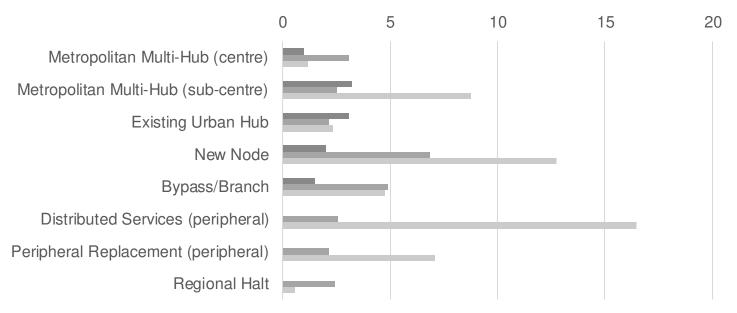
ONCF WIS





RESULTS (II)

Average Total Increase of Land Cover Types in Hectares in Phases -1 to +2 by Station Type



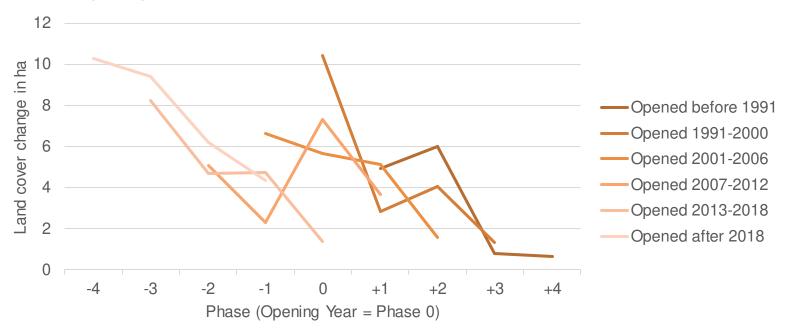
[■] Continuous Urban Fabric (111) ■ Disontinuous Urban Fabric (112) ■ Industrial or commercial units (121)





RESULTS (III)

Average Size of Land Cover Change in Hectares by Phase and Opening Year Cohort (Station Opening: Phase 0)





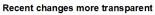
Legend

● HSR Station

HSR StationHSR Line

— Conventional Rail Line

Land Cover Change



to Continuous urban fabric

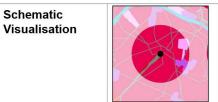
to Discontinuous urban fabric

to Industrial or commercial units

to Green urban areas

to Sport and leisure facilities

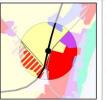
SUMMARY















MONCF WIS

Туре	Type 1 Metropolitan Multi- Hub	Type 2 Existing Urban Hub	Type 3 New Node	Type 4 Bypass/Branch	Type 5 Distributed Services	Type 6 Peripheral Replacement	Type 7 Regional Halt
Example	Paris Gare Montparnasse, FR	Liège-Guillemins, BE	Ciudad Real, ES	Lleida-Pirineus, ES	Køge Nord, DK	Limburg Süd, DE	TGV Haute Picardie, FR
Urban Development Impact	Theoretically very high, but lack of available building space. Opportunities for sub-centres and secondary stations.	Theoretically very high, but lack of available building space.	High, attractive for residential and commercial uses.	Medium, attractive for residential and commercial uses.	Peripheral station: High, attractive for commercial uses	Peripheral station: Medium, attractive for commercial uses	Low





CONCLUSION

- Slight tendency towards more integrated station locations in the last decades
- Urban fringe stations associated more with commercial developments, central ones with mixed use
- Neither inner-city nor exurban locations can be associated with strong land use change
- Urban fringe locations with available building land, coupled with good local public transport integration seem to be most conductive to new urban development
- ❖ But: Results not very marked: Importance of other factors for urban development



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Further Reading:

Wenner, Fabian & Thierstein, Alain (2022): *High Speed Rail as Urban Generator? An Analysis of Land Use Change around Stations*. European Planning Studies 30 (2), 227-250.

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